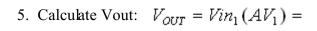
- 1. Assemble the circuit in Fig. 1 and also simulate in MultiSim.
- 2. Calculate voltage gain 1:  $AV_1 = \frac{R_F}{Rin_1} =$
- 3. Calculate Vin1:
- 4. Measure Vin1: Vin1=\_\_\_\_\_

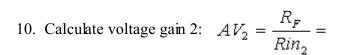
(MultiSim measurement): Vin1 = \_\_\_\_\_

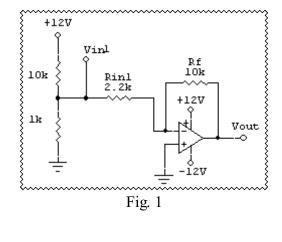


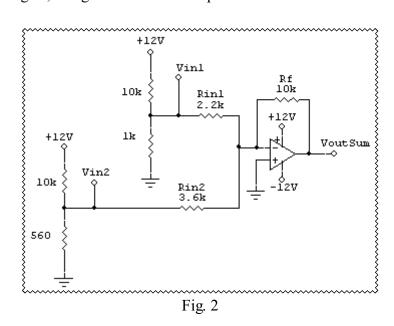
6. Measure Vout: Vout = \_\_\_\_\_ (Multisim measurement:) Vout = \_\_\_\_

This circuit has taken an input voltage and amplified this voltage but also inverted the output so that a negative voltage has been produced. Now would we need to amplify a second input voltage and add or "sum" the two voltages together but the results will be inverted and a again, a negative value will be produced.

- 7. Modify the circuit as in Fig. 2:
- 8. Calculate Vin2: Vin2 = \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. Measure Vin 2: Vin2 = \_\_\_\_\_ (MultiSim measurement:) Vin2 = \_\_\_\_\_







- 11. Calculate Vout2:  $Vout_2 = Vin_2(AV_2) =$
- 12. Calculate Vout<sub>SUM</sub> by adding (summing) Vout1 plus Vout2:

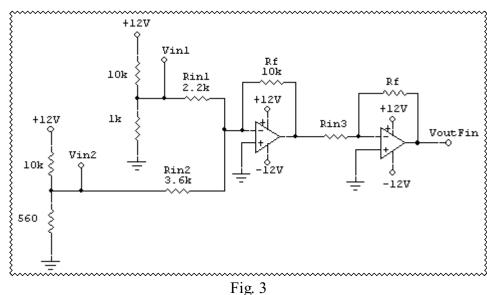
$$Vout_{SUM} = Vout_1 + Vout_2 =$$

13. Measure  $Vout_{SUM}$ :  $Vout_{SUM} =$  (MultiSim measurement:)  $Vout_{SUM} =$ 

How do the calculated, measured and MultiSim values compare? What causes the differences in values?

14. The summing amplifier has added two voltages, but has inverted the output. Modify the circuit as in Fig. 3 and pick values for Rf and Rin3 so that the voltage gain is 1 but that the output is inverted and a positive value is created at Vout<sub>Final</sub>:

16. Measure Vout<sub>Final</sub>:



17. Is the final output a positive value? How do the simulated values and the real values compare?